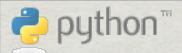
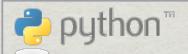
Python for Astronomers

Lauren Palladino February 15, 2011



What is Python?

- * Interpreted: Do not need to compile your program before executing it.
- * Interactive: Can sit at a prompt and interact with the interpreter directly.
- * Object-Oriented Style of programming that encapsulates code within objects.



About Python

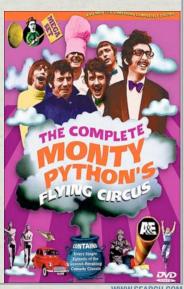


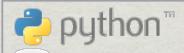
- * Developed by Guido van Rossum in 1989
- * It is FREE!!

http://www.python.org/download/

- * Designed to be fun to use and easy to learn.
- * Named after Monty Python's Flying Circus

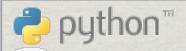






Today's Topics

- * how to run Python interactively
- * Assignment
- * Input/Output
- * Mathematical operators
- * Data Types and Conversions
- ***** Conditional Statements



Reserved Words

* and

* else

* assert

* except

* in

* return

* break

* exec

* is

* try

* class

* finally

* lambda

* while

* continue

* for

* not

* yield

* def

* from

* or

* del

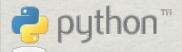
* global

* pass

* elif

* if

* print



Interactive Python

* To begin an interactive Python session, type python on the command line.

```
Terminal — bash — 80×24

Last login: Fri Feb 11 13:15:33 on ttys001

Thestral:~ lauren$ python

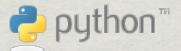
Python 2.6.1 (r261:67515, Feb 11 2010, 00:51:29)

[GCC 4.2.1 (Apple Inc. build 5646)] on darwin

Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.

>>> 

///
```



Interactive Python

* To exit an interactive Python session: ctrl-d, exit(), or quit()

```
Terminal — bash — 80×24

Last login: Fri Feb 11 13:15:43 on ttys001

Thestral:~ lauren$ python

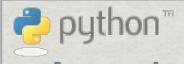
Python 2.6.1 (r261:67515, Feb 11 2010, 00:51:29)

[GCC 4.2.1 (Apple Inc. build 5646)] on darwin

Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.

>>> exit()

Thestral:~ lauren$
```



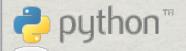
Assignment

- * <variable> = <expression>
- * for example:

```
>>> number = 5
```

>>> number

5



Assignment

- * Variables can be reassigned. Python will retain the most recent assignment.
- * for example: swap values of x and y

```
Terminal — bash — 80×24

Last login: Fri Feb 11 13:39:27 on ttys001

Thestral:~ lauren$ python

Python 2.6.1 (r261:67515, Feb 11 2010, 00:51:29)

[GCC 4.2.1 (Apple Inc. build 5646)] on darwin

Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.

>>> x=5

>>> y=12

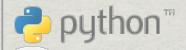
>>> y

12

>>> x=y

>>> x,y

(12, 12)
>>> I
```



Assignment

- * Variables can be reassigned. Python will retain the most recent assignment.
- * for example: swap values of x and y

```
Terminal — bash — 80×24
Last login: Fri Feb 11 14:14:26 on ttys001
Thestral:~ lauren$ python
Python 2.6.1 (r261:67515, Feb 11 2010, 00:51:29)
[GCC 4.2.1 (Apple Inc. build 5646)] on darwin
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>> x=5
>>> x
>>> y=12
>>> y
>>> temp=x
>>> x=y
>>> y=temp
>>> x,y
(12, 5)
>>>
```

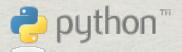
Multiple Assignment

```
* <var1>, <var2>, ... = <expr1>, <expr2>, ...
```

* for example:

```
>>> x, y = 5, 12
```

12



Multiple Assignment

- * Variables can be reassigned. Python will retain the most recent assignment.
- * for example: swap values of x and y

```
Terminal — bash — 80×24

Last login: Mon Feb 14 11:41:07 on ttys001

Thestral:~ lauren$ python
Python 2.6.1 (r261:67515, Feb 11 2010, 00:51:29)
[GCC 4.2.1 (Apple Inc. build 5646)] on darwin
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.

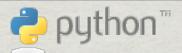
>>> x, y = 5, 12

>>> x, y = y, x

>>> x, y

(12, 5)

>>> |
```



Ppython™ Input & Output

* <variable> = input(prompt>)

>>> name = input("What is your name?: ")

What is your name?: "Lauren"

>>> print "Hello,", name

Hello, Lauren

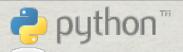
* <variable> = raw_input(oprompt>)

>>> name = raw_input("What is your name?: ")

What is your name?: Lauren

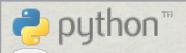
>>> print "Hello,", name

Hello, Lauren



Operators

- + Addition
- Subtraction
- * Multiplication
- / Division
- ** Exponents
- % Remainder
- abs() Absolute Value



Operators

== Equal to and Logical and

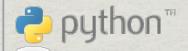
!= Not equal to or Logical or

> Greater than

< Less than

>= Greater than or equal to

<= Less than or equal to

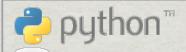


Operators

- * print 3.1415 * 2
- ***** 5/2
- ***** 5.0/2
- ***** 2¹⁰⁰

? python™

- * integer: int, 1 2 3 4
- * floating-point: float, 1. 2.0 3.1415
- * unlimited precision: long, 2100



Type Conversion

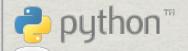
* to float: float()

>>> x=float(5)

>>> x/2

* to integer: int()

* to string: str()



- * Immutable sequence of characters
- * examples: "Spam", "eggs", 'spam and eggs'

```
Terminal — bash — 80×24

Last login: Fri Feb 11 14:32:31 on ttys001

Thestral:~ lauren$ python

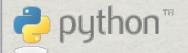
Python 2.6.1 (r261:67515, Feb 11 2010, 00:51:29)

[GCC 4.2.1 (Apple Inc. build 5646)] on darwin

Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.

>>> S= "Spam"

>>> |
```



* To get the length of a string: len(stringname)

```
Terminal — bash — 80×24

Last login: Fri Feb 11 14:32:31 on ttys001

Thestral:~ lauren$ python

Python 2.6.1 (r261:67515, Feb 11 2010, 00:51:29)

[GCC 4.2.1 (Apple Inc. build 5646)] on darwin

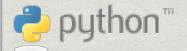
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.

>>> S= "Spam"

>>> len(S)

4

>>> |
```



- * Indexing: items are ordered left-to-right, beginning with 0
- * stringname[index]

```
Terminal — bash — 80×24

Last login: Fri Feb 11 14:32:31 on ttys001

Thestral:~ lauren$ python

Python 2.6.1 (r261:67515, Feb 11 2010, 00:51:29)

[GCC 4.2.1 (Apple Inc. build 5646)] on darwin

Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.

>>> S= "Spam"

>>> s[0]

's'

>>> S[2]

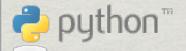
'a'

'm'

>>> S[-1]

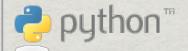
'm'

>>> ■
```



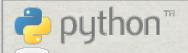
- * Slicing: extracts whole sections
- * stringname[begin:end] Try: S[1:3]

```
Terminal — bash — 80×24
Last login: Fri Feb 11 14:32:31 on ttys001
Thestral:~ lauren$ python
Python 2.6.1 (r261:67515, Feb 11 2010, 00:51:29)
[GCC 4.2.1 (Apple Inc. build 5646)] on darwin
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>> S= "Spam"
>>> len(S)
>>> S[0]
's'
>>> S[2]
>>> S[-1]
'm'
>>> S[1:3]
'pa'
>>>
```



- * Concatenation: join two string with +
- * Repitition: repeat a string with *

```
Terminal — bash — 80×24
Last login: Fri Feb 11 14:32:31 on ttys001
Thestral:~ lauren$ python
Python 2.6.1 (r261:67515, Feb 11 2010, 00:51:29)
[GCC 4.2.1 (Apple Inc. build 5646)] on darwin
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>> S= "Spam"
>>> len(S)
>>> S[0]
's'
>>> S[2]
>>> S[-1]
'm'
>>> S[1:3]
'pa'
>>> S + 'Eggs'
'SpamEggs'
>>> S * 4
'SpamSpamSpamSpam'
>>>
```



- * Mutable collection of objects [<element1>,<element2>,...]
- * example: [1, 'spam', 4.0, 'U']

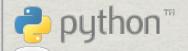
```
Terminal — bash — 80×24

Last login: Mon Feb 14 10:48:36 on ttys001

Thestral:~ lauren$ python
Python 2.6.1 (r261:67515, Feb 11 2010, 00:51:29)
[GCC 4.2.1 (Apple Inc. build 5646)] on darwin
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.

>>> L = [1, 'spam', 4.0, 'U']

>>> | | |
```



- * Indexing and slicing just like strings
- * Try: L[1] and L[0:-1]

```
Terminal — bash — 80×24

Last login: Mon Feb 14 10:48:36 on ttys001

Thestral:~ lauren$ python

Python 2.6.1 (r261:67515, Feb 11 2010, 00:51:29)

[GCC 4.2.1 (Apple Inc. build 5646)] on darwin

Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.

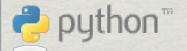
>>> L = [1, 'spam', 4.0, 'U']

'spam'

>>> L[0:-1]

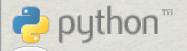
[1, 'spam', 4.0]

>>> ■
```



- * Can grow and shrink on command
- * Try: L.append('eggs') and del L[3]

```
Terminal — bash — 80×24
Last login: Mon Feb 14 10:48:36 on ttys001
Thestral:~ lauren$ python
Python 2.6.1 (r261:67515, Feb 11 2010, 00:51:29)
[GCC 4.2.1 (Apple Inc. build 5646)] on darwin
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>> L = [1, 'spam', 4.0, 'U']
>>> L[1]
'spam'
>>> L[0:-1]
[1, 'spam', 4.0]
>>> L.append('eggs')
[1, 'spam', 4.0, 'U', 'eggs']
>>> del L[3]
>>> L
[1, 'spam', 4.0, 'eggs']
>>>
```



- * Can create multidimensional lists.
- * Start with an empty list

```
Terminal — bash — 80×24

Last login: Tue Feb 15 10:19:18 on ttys000

Thestral:~ lauren$ python

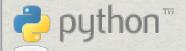
Python 2.6.1 (r261:67515, Feb 11 2010, 00:51:29)

[GCC 4.2.1 (Apple Inc. build 5646)] on darwin

Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.

>>> M = []

>>> |
```



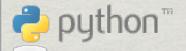
- * Can create multidimensional lists.
- * Add a new list, [1, 2, 3]

```
Terminal — bash — 80×24

Last login: Tue Feb 15 10:19:18 on ttys000

Thestral:~ lauren$ python
Python 2.6.1 (r261:67515, Feb 11 2010, 00:51:29)
[GCC 4.2.1 (Apple Inc. build 5646)] on darwin
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.

>>> M = []
>>> M.append([1, 2, 3])
>>> M
[[1, 2, 3]]
>>> ■
```



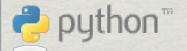
- * Can create multidimensional lists.
- * Add another list, [4, 5, 6]

```
Last login: Tue Feb 15 10:19:18 on ttys000
Thestral:~ lauren$ python
Python 2.6.1 (r261:67515, Feb 11 2010, 00:51:29)
[GCC 4.2.1 (Apple Inc. build 5646)] on darwin
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.

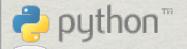
>>> M = []
>>> M.append([1, 2, 3])
>>> M

[[1, 2, 3]]
>>> M.append([4, 5, 6])
>>> M

[[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6]]
>>> M
```

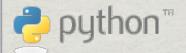


- * Can create multidimensional lists.
- * Index the list, Try extracting the 3...



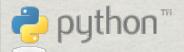
- * Lists are dynamic and heterogeneous.
- * Don't need to allocate space, and can mix types.

```
>>> A = []
>>> A.append([1,2,3])
>>> A
[[1, 2, 3]]
>>> A.append(['spam','eggs'])
>>> A
[[1, 2, 3], ['spam', 'eggs']]
>>> A.append([4.0, 'spam', [1,2,'string'], 5])
>>> A
[[1, 2, 3], ['spam', 'eggs'], [4.0, 'spam', [1, 2, 'string'], 5]]
>>> ■
```



Data Types TUPLES

- * Like lists, but immutable (<element1>,<element2>,...)
- * example: (1, 'spam', 4.0, 'U')



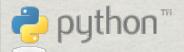
Data Types TUPLES

- * Length, Concatenation, Indexing
- * Try: len(T) T+(5,6) T[1]

```
Terminal — bash — 80×24

Last login: Mon Feb 14 11:18:03 on ttys001
Thestral:~ lauren$ python
Python 2.6.1 (r261:67515, Feb 11 2010, 00:51:29)
[GCC 4.2.1 (Apple Inc. build 5646)] on darwin
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.

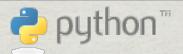
>>> T = (1, 'spam', 4.0, 'U')
>>> len(T)
4
>>> T + (5, 6)
(1, 'spam', 4.0, 'U', 5, 6)
>>> T[1]
'spam'
>>> ■
```



Data Types TUPLES

- * Change or remove elements
- * Try: del T[2]

```
Terminal — bash — 80×24
Last login: Mon Feb 14 16:25:27 on ttys001
Thestral:~ lauren$ python
Python 2.6.1 (r261:67515, Feb 11 2010, 00:51:29)
[GCC 4.2.1 (Apple Inc. build 5646)] on darwin
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>> T = (1, 'spam', 4.0, 'U')
>>> len(T)
>>> T + (5, 6)
(1, 'spam', 4.0, 'U', 5, 6)
>>> T[1]
'spam'
>>> del T[2]
Traceback (most recent call last):
 File "<stdin>", line 1, in <module>
TypeError: 'tuple' object doesn't support item deletion
>>>
```



Data Types DICTIONARIES

- * Mutable key-value pairs {<key>:<value>,<key>:<value>,...}
- * example: {'food': 'spam', 'color': 'pink', 'quantity': 4}

```
Terminal — bash — 80×24

Last login: Mon Feb 14 11:32:59 on ttys001

Thestral:~ lauren$ python

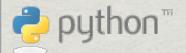
Python 2.6.1 (r261:67515, Feb 11 2010, 00:51:29)

[GCC 4.2.1 (Apple Inc. build 5646)] on darwin

Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.

>>> D = {'food': 'spam', 'color': 'pink', 'quantity': 4}

>>> | |
```



Data Types DICTIONARIES

* Index with keyword

* Try: D['food']

```
Terminal — bash — 80×24

Last login: Mon Feb 14 11:32:59 on ttys001

Thestral:~ lauren$ python

Python 2.6.1 (r261:67515, Feb 11 2010, 00:51:29)

[GCC 4.2.1 (Apple Inc. build 5646)] on darwin

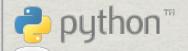
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.

>>> D = {'food': 'spam', 'color': 'pink', 'quantity': 4}

>>> D['food']

'spam'

>>> |
```



Data Types DICTIONARIES

- * Change values
- * Try: D['quantity'] += 1

```
Terminal — bash — 80×24

Last login: Mon Feb 14 11:32:59 on ttys001

Thestral:~ lauren$ python
Python 2.6.1 (r261:67515, Feb 11 2010, 00:51:29)
[GCC 4.2.1 (Apple Inc. build 5646)] on darwin
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.

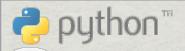
>>> D = {'food': 'spam', 'color': 'pink', 'quantity': 4}

>>> D['food']

'spam'

>>> D
{'food': 'spam', 'color': 'pink', 'quantity': 5}

>>> ■
```



Conditional Statements

```
if <condition>:
```

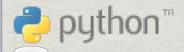
<statements> >>> if 2 > 1:

elif <condition2>: print "Hello, World"

<statements> >>> else:

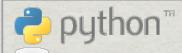
else < condition3>: print "Something went wrong."

<statements>



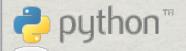
Python™ Example

```
>>> spam = raw_input("2 letter word for (and rhymes with) you & me: ")
>>> guido = [spam, 'eggs']
>>> if guido[1] == 'eggs':
         guido[1] = 'are the'
>>> x = guido
>>> sausage = raw_input("Like a time of day, but begins with 'k': ")
>>> y = sausage + 's'
>>> bacon = raw_input("Fill in the blank in this children's game: Simon ____: ")
>>> z = ['who', bacon[0:-1]]
>>> print x, y, z, "Ni!"
```



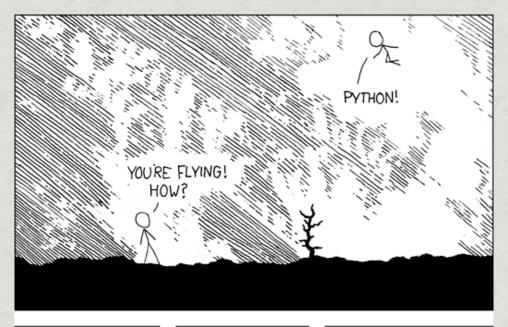
Next Week's Topics

- * Scripting
- ***** Functions
- * Loops
- * Reading & Writing Files
- ***** Libraries
 - * math, string, os, PyFits



Useful References

- * Python Programming: An Introduction to Computer Science, by John Zelle
- * Learning Python, by Mark Lutz
- * http://www.python.org/
- * http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Python_(programming_language) #Standard_library
- * http://www.tutorialspoint.com/python/index.htm
- * http://www.astro.umd.edu/~chapman/python tutorial.html
- * http://www.sthurlow.com/python/
- * http://pytut.infogami.com/node4.html



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I LEARNED IT LAST NIGHT! EVERYTHING IS SO SIMPLE!

HELLO WORLD 15 JUST print "Hello, world!"

I DUNNO... DYNAMIC TYPING? WHITESPACE?

COME JOIN US!
PROGRAMMING
IS FUN AGAIN!
IT'S A WHOLE
NEW WORLD
UP HERE!

BUT HOW ARE YOU FLYING? I JUST TYPED
import antigravity

THAT'S IT?

... I ALSO SAMPLED EVERYTHING IN THE MEDICINE CABINET FOR COMPARISON.

BUT I THINK THIS
18 THE PYTHON.

HTTP://XKCD.COM/353/